Asian Carp Beyond the Great Lakes and Mississippi River Interbasin Study

April 29 2014 Tim Eder, Great Lakes Commission Great Lakes Panel on Aquatic Nuisance Species





Great Lakes Commission Activities Related to Asian Carp

- ➢ Restoring the Natural Divide Study
- Critique of GLMRIS
- ➢ March 5 Resolution

The Pivot....

Chicago Area Waterway System Advisory Committee





RESTORING THE NATURAL DIVIDE

SEPARATING THE GREAT LAKES AND MISSISSIPPI RIVER BASINS IN THE CHICAGO AREA WATERWAY SYSTEM

JANUARY 2012 // GREAT LAKES COMMISSION GREAT LAKES AND ST. LAWRENCE CITIES INITIATIVE





Alliance des villes des Grands Lacs et du Saint-Laurent

Restoring the Natural Divide Study

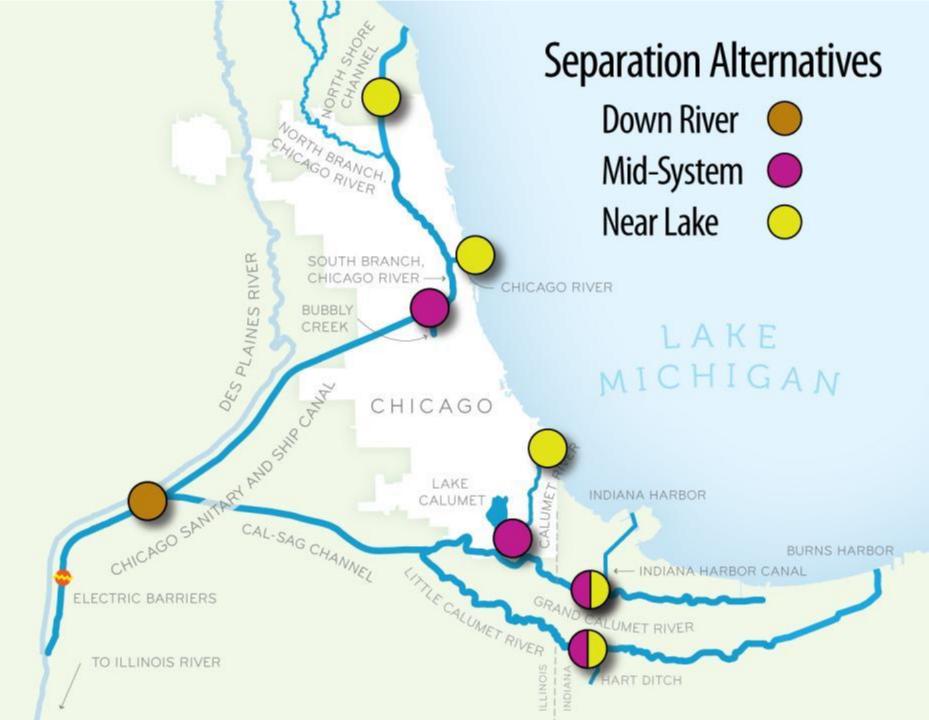
Develop alternatives to separate the Great Lakes and Mississippi River watersheds in the Chicago Area Waterway System (CAWS) that will:

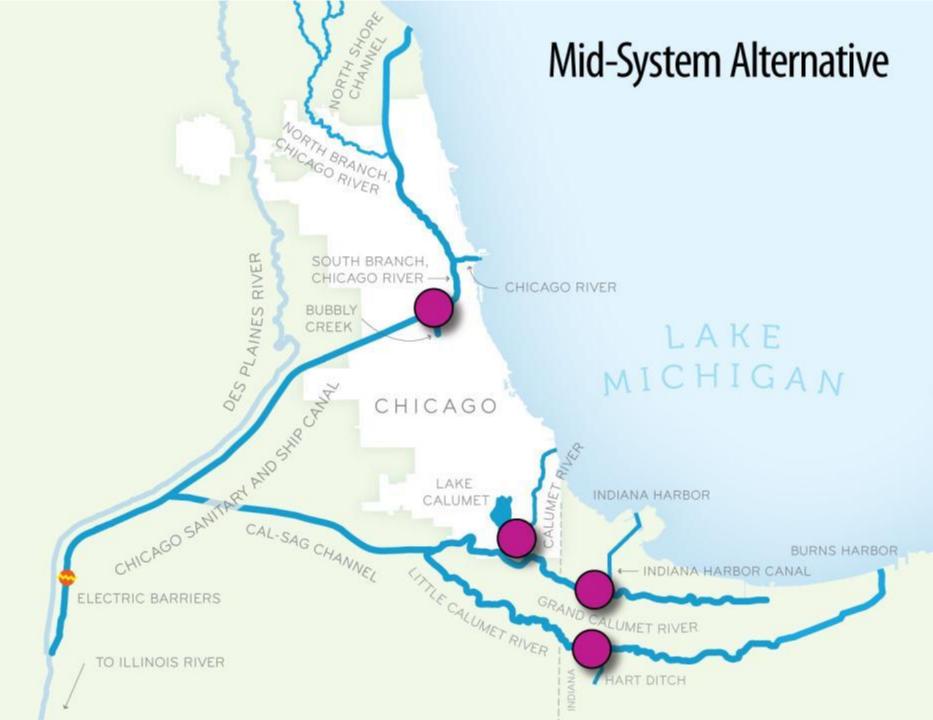
- Prevent movement of <u>all</u> aquatic invasive species between the watersheds
- Improve water quality
- Improve flood protection
- Improve commercial transportation

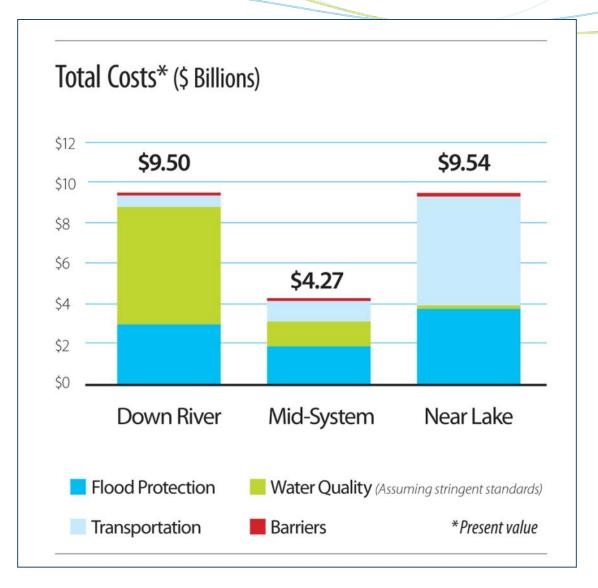








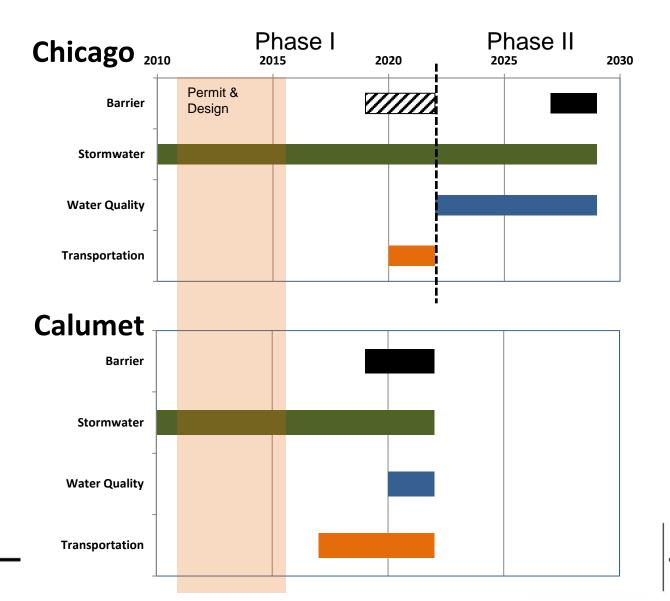








Mid-System Alternative Timeline



Project Benefits

- AIS costs avoided
 - \$150M to \$500M annually; \$400M to \$9.5B long-term

Transportation

- New cargo potential, better intermodal connections
- Water quality
 - Expanded recreation and increased property values
- Reduced flooding damage
- Employment impact
 - 2,900 to 7,500 jobs per year





Critique of GLMRIS

- Comprehensive evaluation of alternatives for preventing interbasin transfer of AIS
- Recognizes hydrological separation as most effective
- Recognizes that mid-system alternative has least impact on flooding
- Identifies useful technologies to explore (electric barrier in engineered channel, GLMRIS lock, etc.)
- Key assumptions increase costs and implementation time
 - Water quality and Lake Michigan
 - Stormwater, Contaminated Sediments





Key Assumptions in GLMRIS

- No flows to Lake Michigan
- Alternatives designed to 500 year storm for purposes of capturing stormwater and CSO flows
- Chicago's TARP system expanded to route all drainage and WWTP flows to river side of barriers
- Highly treated water used to make up flow in CAWS
- Current challenges remediated *as a cost of separation* (flooding, CSOs and contaminated sediments)





Now what ...?

GLC Policy and Advocacy Actions *Policy resolution*

- Continue Asian carp control strategy and implement additional control measures
- Implement control measures at Brandon Rd. lock and dam
- Design and test GLMRIS lock as demonstration project
- Develop long-term solutions with input from Advisory Committee
- Prevent fish movement caused by commercial shipping
- Study commercial transportation in the CAWS
- Discuss financing approaches for AIS control





CAWS Advisory Committee

<u>Goal</u>: Prevent Asian carp and other AIS from moving between the Mississippi River and Great Lakes basins through the CAWS

<u>Strategy</u>:

- 1. Continue current actions
- 2. Initiate additional actions
- 3. Evaluate and implement lock treatment options
- 4. Evaluate and implement near-term control measures at Brandon Rd. lock and dam
- 5. Evaluate long-term solutions
- 6. Develop cost-sharing partnerships







- Electric barrier in engineered channel
- Lock treatment
- Fish deterrents
- Modifications to dam
- Other measures?

Near-Term Measures at Brandon Rd. Lock & Dam

